

# Accessible Data Dashboards & Visualizations as Pragmatic Planning Tools for Educators

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Data and IT Security in the “New Now”  
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**TECH TACTICS**  
THE CAMPUS TECHNOLOGY IN EDUCATION



# A little about me...

- David Amiel, Research Associate, Rutgers
- MS in Statistics (Data Science)
- BA in Biomathematics (CS, Econ)
- Research Interests
  - K12 Computer Science Education, Ed. Partnerships
- Academic Interests
  - Causal Inference, Natural Language Processing
- Personal Interests
  - Photography, Astronomy, Harry Potter (*go Ravenclaw!*)



# ...and a little about you.

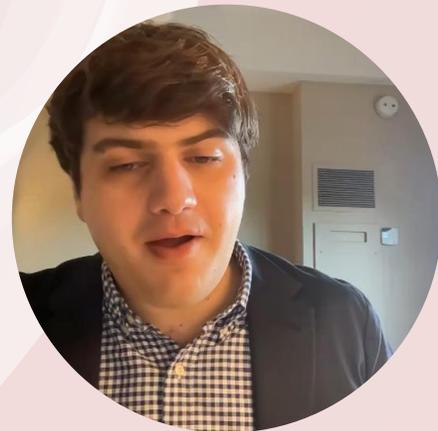


- In your neighborhood of tech tacticians:
  - Introduce Yourself
    - Name, Location, Role
    - How your work intersects with educational data
  - Begin to Ponder
    - How do you define “data” in education? Elsewhere?
    - Is there a general enough definition or broad enough characteristics to capture any type of data inside a working conceptualization?



# Talking about data

Some theoretical underpinnings.



# Idea 1

## Data is packaged.

- Data is a source of truth – we’ll consider it as a package of three components
  - Information
  - Level
  - Format
- Example: Test scores
  - information – Standardized test scores
  - level – Student
  - format - numeric results in a spreadsheet



Image generated by DALL•E 3 using t



## Idea 2

# Data can be acted upon.

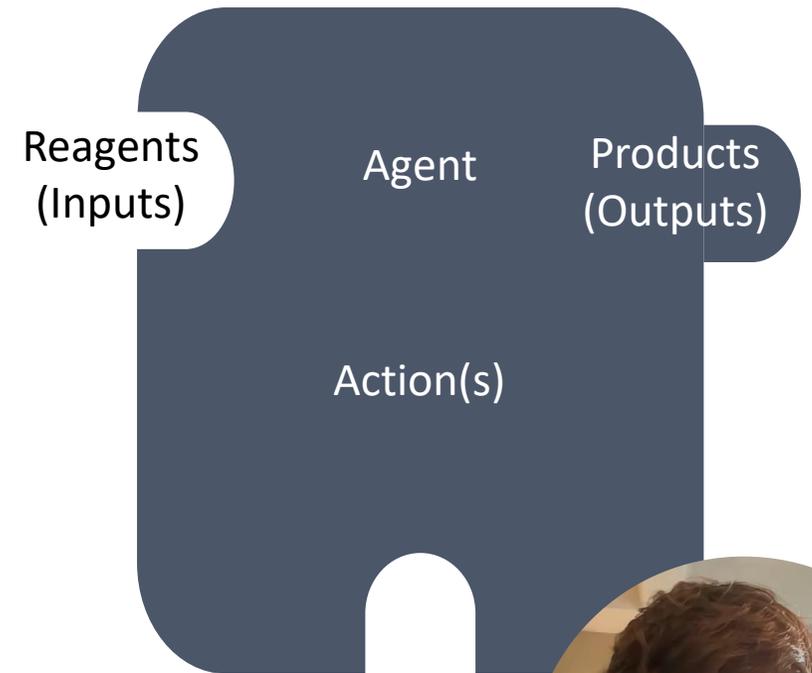
- With a “box” of data, an agent is empowered to act:
  - Contribute to data through additions/revisions
  - Interpret data to understand meaning
  - Analyze data for a deeper understanding
  - Repackage data for easier future use
  - Aggregate data to simplify and summarize
  - Redact data to protect student privacy
  - Act on data to initiate changes to practice
  - Synthesize data to support recommendations/actions



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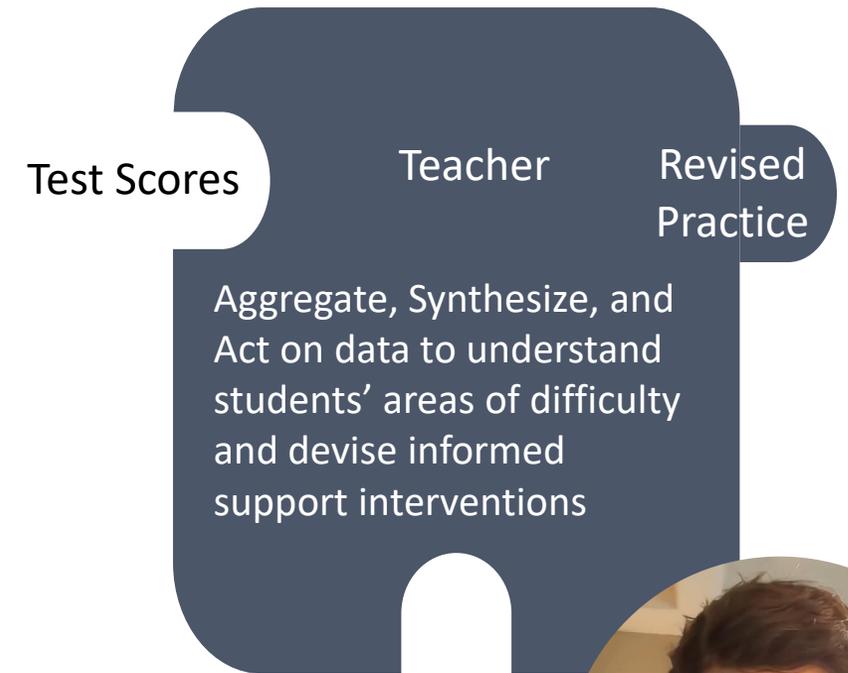
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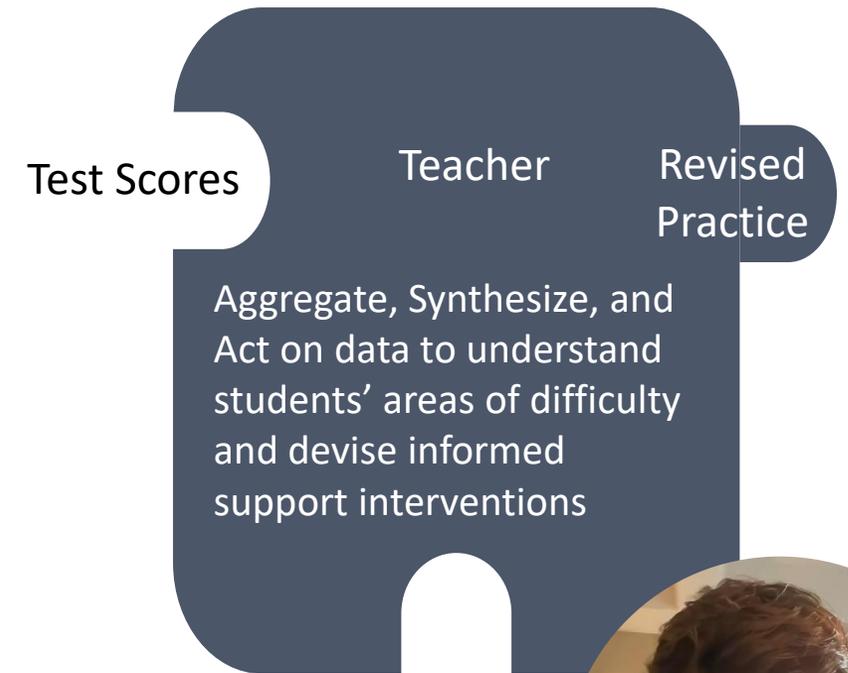
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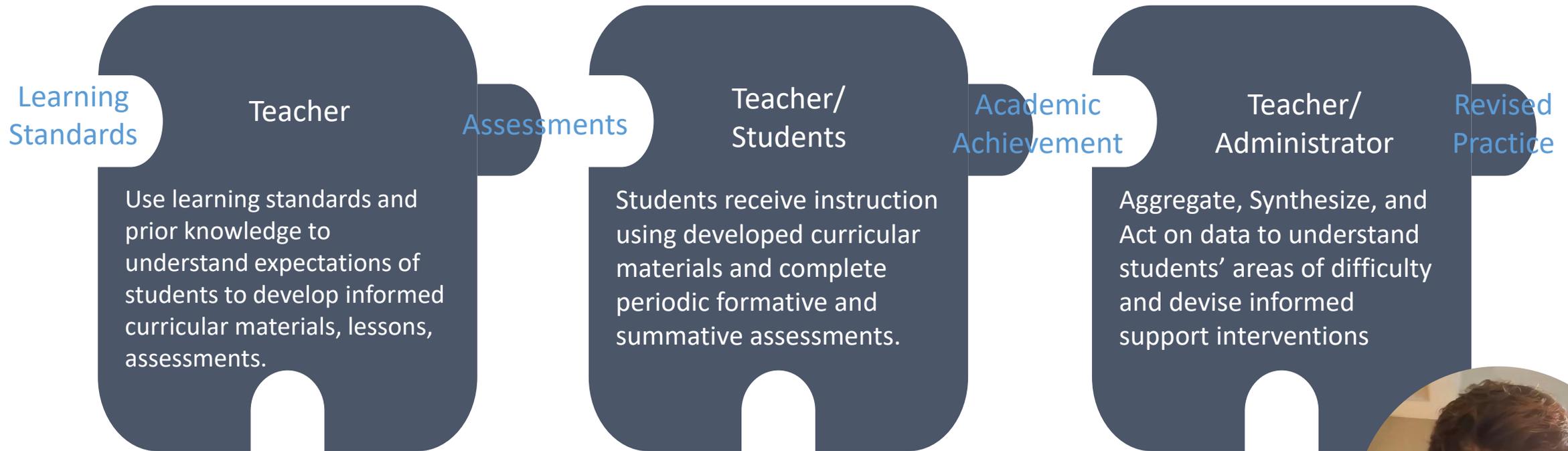
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  - Synthesize data to support recommendations/actions
  - **Send data to others for their own use**



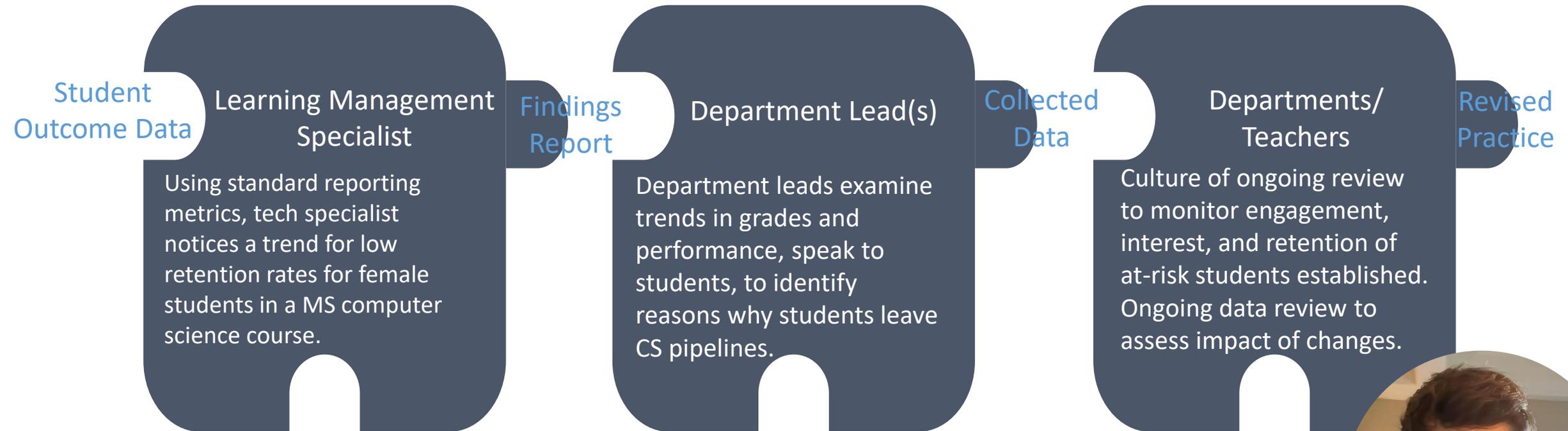
## Idea 3

# Actions can be strung together.



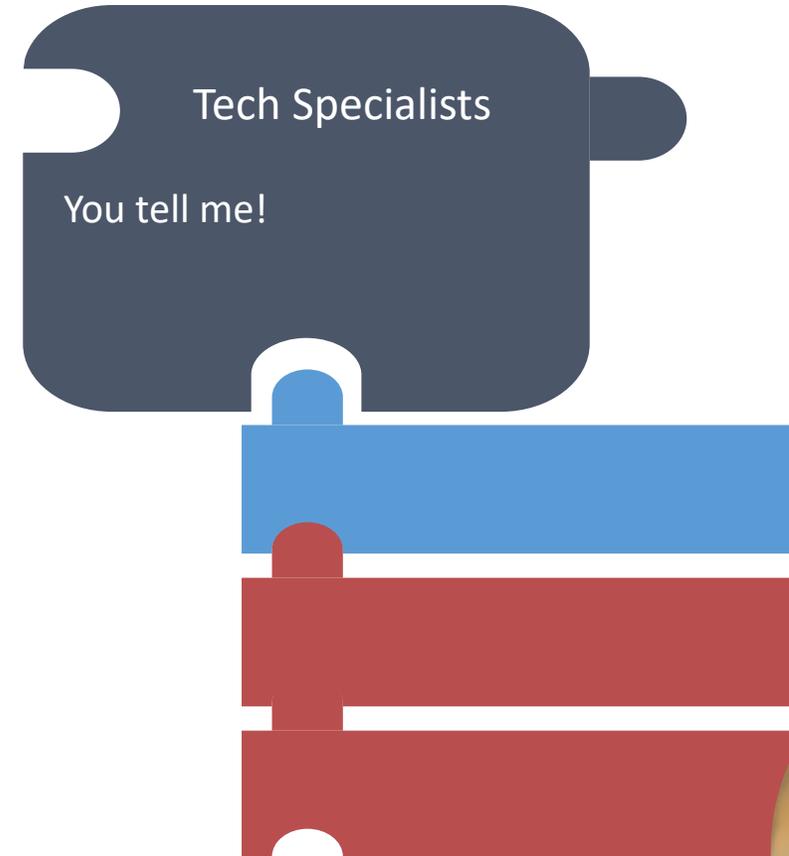
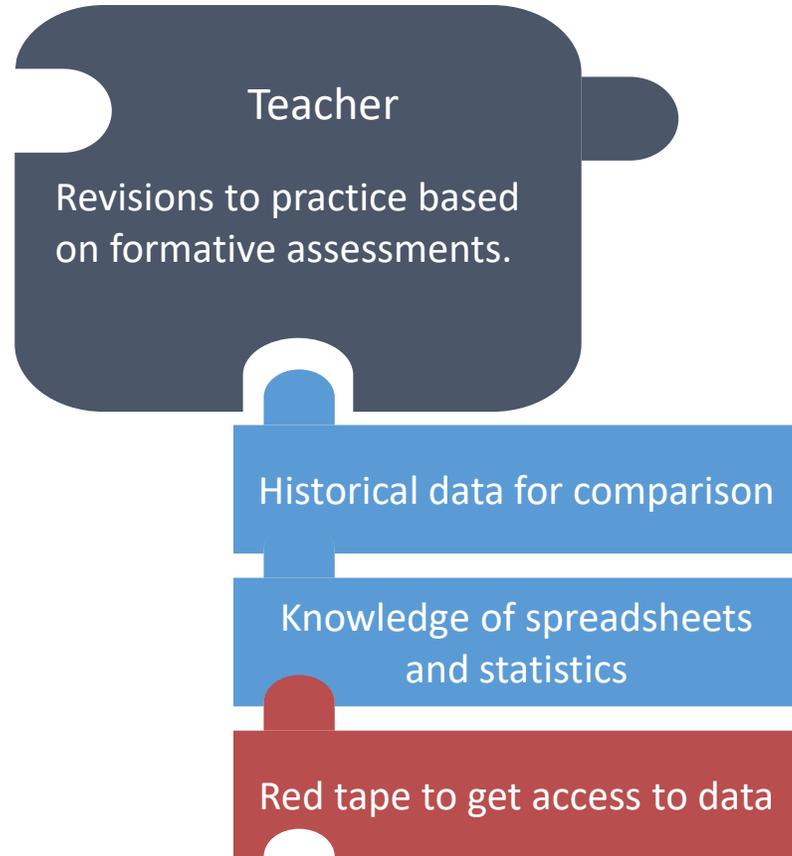
## Idea 3

# Actions can be strung together.



## Idea 4

Action can be catalyzed and inhibited.



# Idea 5

## Mapped workflows give us planning power.

Step	#1: Planning & Design	#2: Administering Assessments	#3: Analyzing Results	#4: Mobilizing Findings to Practice
Description	Development of thoughtful assessments	Students take assessments	Understanding student responses, performance	Putting revisions into practice
Agent	Teacher	Teacher, Students	Teacher, Administration	Teacher (& Administrator)
Reagents	Curriculum Goals, Standards	Developed assessments from Step #1	Student response data from Step #2	Curriculum and instructional revisions
Inhibitors & Catalysts	Data silos – inhibitor Data management system to centralize standards – catalyst	Online LMS – catalyst Connectivity	Data visualizations – catalyst Complex datasets, inaccessibility – inhibitor	
Products	Data-informed assessment strategies	Student responses Student grades	Findings from data analysis, plan to revise	Ongoing cycle improvement
Action	Design	Generation	Aggregation & Analysis	Mobilization



## Idea 5

# Mapping workflows give us planning power.

- Activity – take a few, map out a *problematic or interesting* data workflow you are directly or indirectly involved with.

Step	#1	#2	#3	#4
Data				
Agent				
Reagents				
Inhibitors & Catalysts				
Products				



# Data Dashboards & Visualizations

Thoughtful design, engineering, and implementation.



## Idea 6

# Dashboards and visualizations enhance work.

- They constitute the “format” piece of our data package
  - Leaves flexibility open in level and information
- Can be a reagent (input), product (output), catalyst, or *inhibitor* within workflows
  - Reflects how adaptive they can be, and the potential for over/misuse
- Several types (non-exhaustive): logistic, reporting, persistent



## Idea 7

# Dashboards must be thoughtful.



User needs  
and  
requirements



Ease of use  
and quality of  
life



Scalability and  
reliability



Integration  
with existing  
systems



Pilot testing,  
dissemination  
and training



## Idea 7

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Remember our theoretical discussion:  
Where in a data flow does it *make sense* to have a dashboard?  
What *data* will it display, what *purpose* will it serve?



## Technical Considerations

# Statistical Caveats, Gains of Salt

Dashboards are not controlled experimental environments.

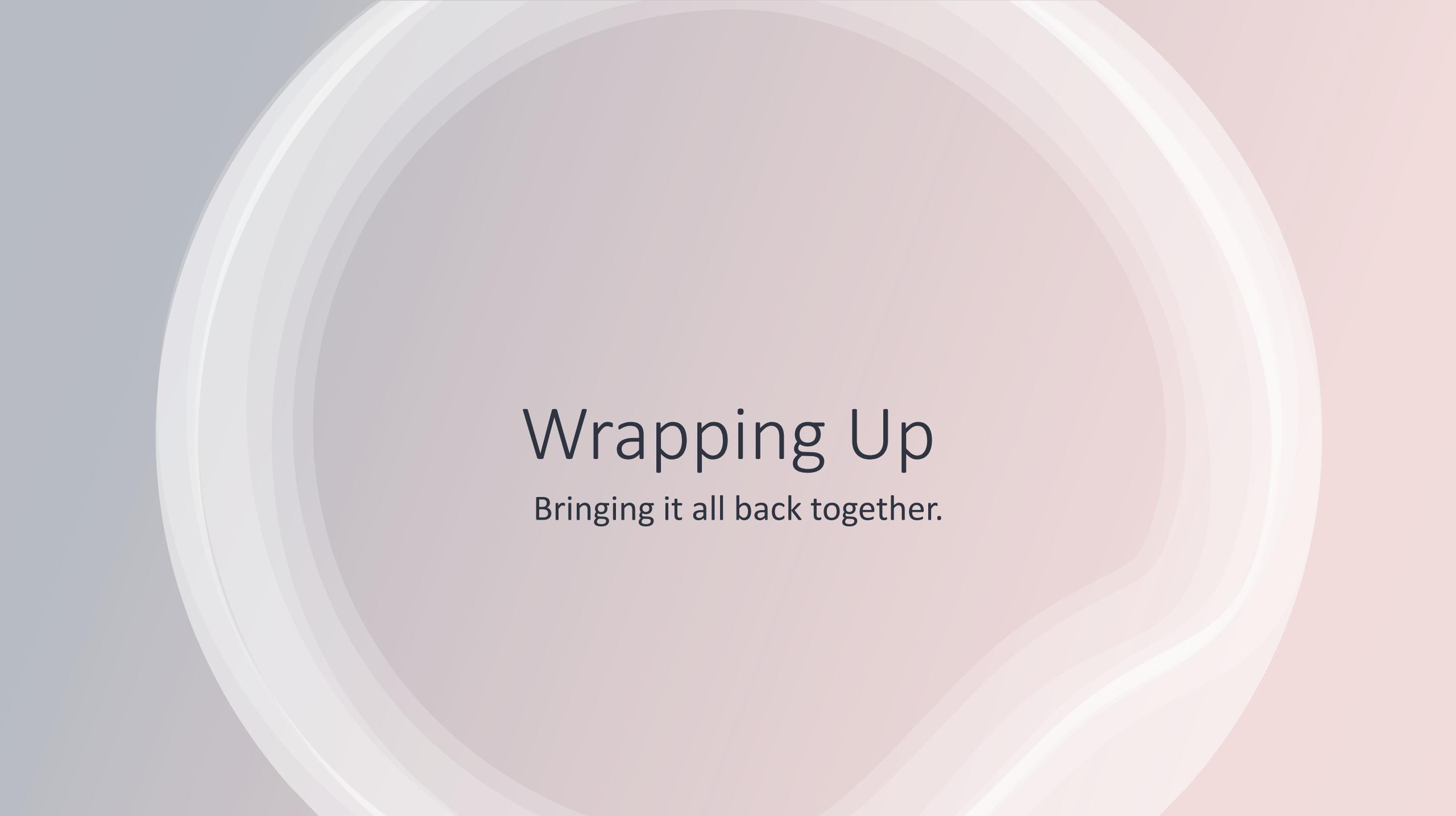
Dashboards can showcase trends (period).

Control, Power,  
Causality

Generalizability

Repeated  
Experiments

Confidentiality  
& Privacy



# Wrapping Up

Bringing it all back together.



[go.rutgers.edu/amiel2023tt](https://go.rutgers.edu/amiel2023tt)

# Supplementary Materials

Will be uploaded to the conference agenda page as well!

# Visualization & Dashboard Techniques

## Manual Techniques

- PivotTable, Excel
- Python
- R
- External Resources (Fiverr, Upwork, etc.)

Please reach out!  
david.amiel@rutgers.edu

## AI-Based Techniques

- I'd like to create a visualization in Python that shows the relationship between class size and average student performance. My data is saved in a file named "data.csv" and contains the following fields:
  - *Class\_ID* a unique identifier for the class
  - *Class\_Name* the name of the course
  - *Teacher\_ID* an identifier for the course teacher
  - *Class\_Size* the number of students in the class
  - *Average\_Grade* students' average grade in the course
  - *Semester* the semester the course was offered as "Fall 2021" as an example



# Our Big Ideas

1. Data is packaged.
2. Data can be acted upon.
3. Actions can be strung together.
4. Action can be catalyzed and inhibited.
5. Mapped workflows give us planning power.
6. Dashboards and visualizations (can) enhance work.
7. Dashboards must be thoughtful.
8. Research and technical considerations.



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