

Recruiting Diverse Learners to High School Computer Science

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Methodology

The RPP mechanism affords educational partners an avenue to explore best practices and strategies as presented in academic and practitioner published research. It also provides the opportunity to share actual practices being used in the field around these same issues.







Through conversations with teachers, administrators, guidance counselors, and other stakeholders, combined with insights gleaned from RPP meetings, semi-structured interviews, and an inventory of internal online forums, we have compiled past experiences, current practices, and future plans into a three-tiered approach to recruit and retain diverse students in CSE.



Communication & Outreach

- Outcomes-focused
- Credible and valued source
- Platforms for high engagement



Institutional Practices & Policies

- Remove barriers
- Increase awareness
- Increase exposure to CS



Instructional Practices

- Cross-curricular engagement
- Collaborative learning Inclusive classroom practices
- Culturally relevant pedagogy

Industries benefit from diverse perspectives

△ Progress is made in addressing social justice issues CS workforce will see greater diversity & representation

Increasing diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) in CSE ensures that:

Given the importance of proactive and intentional recruitment of historically underrepresented students to CSE, we have leveraged our work within a researcher-practitioner partnership (RPP) to explore recruitment strategies that are both being used and/or have been shown to be productive in practice.

Background

Inequities in computer science education (CSE) are profound and widespread.

Increased DEI in CS Courses Increased self-efficacy

- Increased achievement
- Consideration of CS careers/education



Increased DEI in CS Workforce

Bring unique and necessary knowledge, skills, and



Communication & Outreach				
Area	Key Ideas	Practices		
Effective Communication Design for Information Interaction	Know your Community, Audience	Meet audience where they are Communicate based on their needs, experiences, predispositions, goals, and values Effective communication is relevant, timely, trusted, and actionable Tell your audience why they should care about the topic and what they can do		
	Use the Right Tools	Create properly "packaged" messages Use emotional appeals, fact sheets, or other information as needed Use a source and channel that will reach and engage most of your audience Consider sending personalized letters home or hand-delivering flyers		
	Audience Analysis	Assess audience knowledge, beliefs, and expectations for CS learning Focus on what outcomes are valued by the audience		
Tailoring Communication & Messages	Audience Segmentation	 Segment your audience based on their roles and results of audience analysis Create communications tailored to each partition of the audience Consider what forms of media each group interact with and what they respond to 		

Institutional Practices & Policies		
Area	Practices	
Access, Prerequisites, & Sequencing	Begin recruiting 8th graders to high school CS through course planning Purposefully reexamine the necessity of exiting pre-requisites Ensure that course sequencing allows options for student choice and no "dead ends"	
Status & Branding of CS Courses	Place CS courses in course scheduling systems/catalogs in an easy-to-find place Consider renaming CS courses to accurately reflect content and recruit students Leverage connections with guidance counselors to make students aware of what CS is, and what it isn't	
CS Curriculum & Pathways	 ♣ Provide spaces for MS and HS teachers to collaborate on creating a continuous CS pathway to retain students ■ Design course pathways that include wide-reaching, varied entry points to CS ➡ Mindfully articulate curriculum across courses to avoid repeated material while preparing students to progress along course sequences 	
Student & Parent Engagement	☆ Grow community culture and beliefs around CS through outreach events Create accessible, inviting spaces for parents to learn about CS and its possibilities Support after-school clubs and organizations to build excitement Establish and maintain partnerships with neighboring districts, higher-education, and industry	

Area	Practices
Recruit from Inside & Outside the Classroom	Utilize unplugged activities to cultivate a computational thinking mindset Incorporate CS concepts outside the classroom to reach larger audience (clubs, events) Engage students in collaborative work such as pair programming
Cross-Curricular, Project- Based Coursework	 Work with teachers to bring CS into classrooms in other subject areas Allow students the space to bring their own interests to their work in CS Utilize culturally—responsive pedagogies and tools to reach and retain typically underrepresented students





How can we code and decode messages? (symbolism, favorite quotes, etc.)





How could Napoleon use graph algorithms to optimize conquering Europe?



How can we code a repetitive song on paper? Is sheet music ust code?







